

syngenta.

Reg. No. L8685 Act No. 36 of 1947 N-AR 1259 (Namibia) W130611 (Botswana)

translaminar. suspension flowable concentrate insecticide with contact and stomach action for the control of various pests on crops as listed.





Active Ingredients: chlorantraniliprole..... lambda-cyhalothrin (pyrethroid).. 50 g//

Product names marked ® or ™, the ALLIANCE FRAME the SYNGENTA Logo and the PURPOSE ICON are Trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company



WARNING

#### **Hazard statements:**

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements:**

Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Response: If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. Disposal: Collect spilage.

**EMERGENCY TEL NO.:** +27 82 446 8946 (Griffon)

Syngenta South Africa (Pty) Ltd Co. Reg. No. 1998/013761/07 HALFWAY HOUSE,



# 1. WARNINGS:

Hazard statement: Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Very toxic to aquatic life with long-lasting effects.

Withholding periods: Minimum number of days between last application and harvest or grazing.

BARLEY	3 days
CANOLA	21 days
CRUCIFERAE	3 days
CUCURBIT GROUP	1 day
EGGPLANT	5 days
GRAIN SORGHUM	14 days
GROUNDNUTS	14 days
LEGUME VEGETABLES (dried shelled)	21 days
LEGUME VEGETABLES (edible podded and	
succulent shelled)	7 days
LETTUCE	1 day
MAIZE	14 days
PEPPERS (capsicum group)	1 day
POTATOES	3 days
SOYBEANS	14 days
STONE FRUIT	14 days
SUGARCANE	23 days
SUNFLOWERS	14 days
SWEETCORN	1 day
TOMATOES	3 days
TREE NUTS	14 days
TUBER VEGETABLES	14 days
WHEAT	14 days
	. T days

- Handle with care.
- Harmful if swallowed.
- May cause tingling/numbness in exposed skin areas (paraesthesia).
- Not harmful to birds.
- Very toxic to fish and aquatic organisms.
- Toxic to bees DO NOT spray when bees are active or on flowering crops.
- Store in original container, away from sun and damp, in a cool place, away from food and feed. Store locked away.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.

- Unprotected workers must vacate the area being treated.
- In case of poisoning: Call a doctor and present this
- Re-entry: Do not enter treated area for 24 hours unless wearing protective clothing.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the pest against the remedy concerned, as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation and the environment, or harm to people or animals or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions, that could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

#### 2. PRECAUTIONS:

Precautionary statements: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/ spray. Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product. Response: If inhaled, remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. **Disposal:** Collect spillage.

- Avoid eye and skin contact.
- Do not inhale spray mist.
- Wash with soap and water immediately after use.
- Wash contaminated clothing after use. Wash yourself.
- Do not eat, drink, or smoke while mixing or applying the product or before washing hands and face.
- Wear suitable protective clothing when handling the concentrate or mixing (protective gloves, boots and a face shield).
- Avoid excessive drift do not treat if wind velocity exceeds two (2) meters per second (7 km/h).
- Clean applicator after use. Dispose of rinsate where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers, dams and boreholes.

- Prevent contamination of food, feed, drinking water and eating utensils.
- Invert the empty container over the spray or mixing tank and allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter, rinse the container three (3) times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of 10% of that of the container. Add the rinsate to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container in the prescribed manner.
- Do not use the empty container for any other purpose.

#### **First Aid and Medical Treatment:**

If poisoning is suspected, stop working immediately and call a poison control centre/doctor. Present this label.

- Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and thoroughly wash the effected parts of the body with soap and water.
- Eye contact: Rinse eyes with clean water for several minutes.
- Inhalation: Move to clean air.
- **Ingestion:** Repeatedly administer medical charcoal in plenty of water. Seek medical advice immediately if a large volume of concentrate was ingested.

**Note:** Never give anything to an unconscious patient and never induce vomiting.

**Antidote:** No specific antidote is known; apply symptomatic therapy. If the amount of chemical is judged to be less than a lethal dose, observe the patient and treat symptomatically. If gastric lavage is considered necessary, prevent aspiration of gastric material. Consider administration of active charcoal and a laxative.

#### 3. RELEVANT SUBSTANCES:

Chemical name		
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)		
Classification	Concentration (% w/w)	
Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Acute Tox. 3; H311 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	≥ 2,5 - < 10	
M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	5) ·	

## 4. RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT:

**AMPLIGO** is a group code 3A and 28 insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **AMPLIGO** and other group code 3A and 28 insecticides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if these insecticides are used repeatedly and exclusively in programs. **AMPLIGO** or any other group code 3A and 28 insecticides may not control these resistant insects.

#### To delay insecticide resistance:

Avoid exclusive repeated use of insecticides from the

- same insecticide group code.
- Alternate or tank mix with products from different insecticide group codes.
- Integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into insect control programs.

As a result of its unique mode of action, **AMPLIGO** is ideally suited for applications where resistance management is important. These guidelines will maximise the effective life of the product:

- 1. Where appropriate, alternate **AMPLIGO** with compounds from different chemical classes (oxadiazine, organophosphate, neonicotinoid, spinosyn, diacylhydrazine or other insect growth regulators). We recommend alternation with registered products from these classes and not to exceed the maximum number of **AMPLIGO** applications per season as per the instructions under DIRECTIONS FOR USE on this label.
- 2. Monitor insect populations and apply AMPLIGO according to the label instructions when locally determined economic thresholds are reached. It is recommended that 2 3 consecutive AMPLIGO applications are applied as a block spray. Follow these label recommendations precisely for the dosage rates, spray intervals and the optimum timing to apply AMPLIGO.

Syngenta cannot accept responsibility for any losses that may result from the failure to control pests resistant to AMPLIGO.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

#### 5. PRODUCT PROPERTIES:

**AMPLIGO** is effective for the control of *lepidoptera larvae*. **AMPLIGO** islong-lasting and works throughing estion, contact, ovicidal and ovi-larvicidal activity. **AMPLIGO** is effective against *lepidoptera larvae* resistant to organophosphates, pyrethroids and insect growth regulators. After **AMPLIGO** ingestion, larval feeding stops immediately leading to death.

**6. DIRECTIONS FOR USE:** Use only as indicated.

Thorough and even coverage of the crop is essential. Do not apply during the heat of the day or if the plants are wet or if rain is imminent.

#### 6.1 General Directions

#### Aerial application

**Precautions:** Aerial application of this product on capsicums (peppers), cruciferae, cucurbits, eggplant, grain sorghum, legume vegetables, lettuce, maize, stone fruits, sugarcane, sweetcorn, tree nuts and tuber vegetables may only be done by a registered aerial application operator using a correctly calibrated, registered aircraft according to the instructions of SANS 10118 (Aerial Application of Agricultural Remedies). It is important to ensure that the spray mixture is distributed evenly over the target area and that the loss of spray material during application is restricted to a minimum. It is therefore essential that the following criteria are met:

#### a) Application parameters:

- **Volume:** A minimum volume of 30  $\ell$ /ha is recommended. As this product has not been evaluated at a reduced volume rate, the registration holder cannot guarantee efficacy or be held responsible for any adverse effects if the product is applied aerially at a lower volume rate than recommended above.
- **Droplet coverage:** Droplet coverage of 25 30 droplets per cm<sup>2</sup> must be recovered at the target.
- **Droplet size:** A droplet spectrum with a VMD of 280 300 microns is recommended. Ensure that the production of fine droplets (less than 150 microns high drift and evaporation potential) is restricted to a minimum.
- **Flying height:** The height of the spray boom should be maintained at 3 4 metres above the target. Do not spray when aircraft is in a climb, at the top, during a dive, or when banking.

## b) Equipment:

- Use suitable atomising equipment (hydraulic nozzles or rotary atomisers) that will produce the desired droplet size and coverage but which will ensure the minimum loss of product either through endodrift (within target field) or exodrift (outside target field).
- The operator must use a set-up that will produce a droplet spectrum with the lowest possible relative span.
- All nozzles/atomisers should be positioned within the inner 60 - 75% of the wingspan to prevent droplets from entering the wingtip vortices.

### c) Meteorological conditions:

- The difference in temperature between the wet and dry bulb thermometers of a whirling hygrometer should not exceed 8°C. The addition of a suitable anti-evaporant is recommended if the VMD of the droplets is less than 200 - 250 microns.
- Stop spraying if the wind speed exceeds 15 km/h.
- Aerial application of this product must not be done under turbulent, unstable conditions during the heat of the day when rising thermals and downdraughts occur. Also note that the application of this product under temperature inversion conditions (spraying in or above the inversion layer) may lead to the following:
  - Reduced efficacy due to suspension and evaporation of small droplets in the air (inadequate coverage).
  - Damage to other sensitive crops and or non-target areas through the movement of the suspended spray cloud away from the target field.

# Obtain assurance from the aerial operator that the above requirements will be met.

#### 6.2 Mixing Instructions

- Fill the spray tank to a quarter with clean water.
- Measure out the required quantity of AMPLIGO and add to the tank.
- Fill spray tank with water while maintaining agitation to ensure thorough mixing.
- Maintain agitation during spraying.
- Use the prepared mixture immediately.
- Do not prepare more spray mixture than is needed for immediate application.
- Do not allow to stand overnight.

#### 6.3 Application Rates

DO NOT apply when bees are active.

#### **BARLEY**

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)	150 mℓ/ha	Apply at first sign of infestation, or apply preventatively, starting at flag leaf
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) False armyworm (Leucania loreyi)	5	emergence, and follow up 7 - 10 days later with a second application.  • Apply 200 - 400 ℓ/ha spray mixture.  • Apply a maximum of two (2) applications per season.

#### CANOLA

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)	100 - 200 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation, and follow up 7 - 10 days later with a second</li> </ul>
Diamond back moth (Plutella xylostella)	5	<ul> <li>application.</li> <li>Apply 200 - 400 ℓ/ha spray mixture.</li> <li>Apply a maximum of</li> </ul>
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.)		two (2) applications per season.
False armyworm (Leucania loreyi)		<b>©</b> ®

#### **CRUCIFERAE**

(Cabbage group. Includes broccoli, brussel sprouts, cabbage and cauliflower)

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Diamond back moth (Plutella xylostella)	100 - 200 mℓ/ha	Apply before pests reach damaging levels based on economic
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		thresholds. Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start to rebuild, with
Semi-loopers (Chrysodeixis sp., Trichoplusia spp.)	ent	a minimum of five (5) days between applications.  Do not make more than four (4)
Greater cabbage moth (Crocidolomia pavonana)		<ul> <li>applications per season.</li> <li>Add a wetting agent to waxy cruciferous</li> </ul>
Cutworms (Agrotis spp.)	6	crops.  Ground application
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) Stink bugs and Bagrada bug		<ul> <li>Use sufficient water to obtain full-coverage of foliage.</li> <li>Apply in a minimum of 90 \( \ell \) water/ha.</li> </ul>

## **CRUCIFERAE** cont.

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
(Bagrada hilaris)	100 -	Aerial application
Thrips excluding	200 mℓ/ha	● Apply in 30 - 40 ℓ
Frankliniella		water/ha.
occidentalis and		
whiteflies		R
[suppression		
only - 60 - 90%		
contro]		

## **CUCURBIT GROUP**

(Includes gherkins, cucumbers, muskmelon, melon, pumpkin, baby marrows, butternut, squash and watermelon)

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Pest Cutworms (Agrotis spp.) Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) Semi-loopers (Trichoplusia spp.) African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera) Leafminers (Liriomyza spp.) Pumpkin flies (Dacus spp.)	<b>Dosage</b> 100 - 200 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply before pests reach damaging levels based on economic thresholds.</li> <li>Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start to rebuild, with a minimum of five (5) days between applications.</li> <li>Do not make more than four (4) applications per season.</li> <li>Do not use an</li> </ul>
Stink bugs Thrips excluding frankliniella occidentalis and whiteflies [suppression only - 60 - 90% control]	geni	adjuvant with applications of AMPLIGO to cucurbits, except on cucumbers and gherkins.  Ground application  Use sufficient water to obtain full-coverage of foliage.  Apply in a minimum of 90 \ell water/ha.  Aerial application  Apply in 30 - 40 \ell water/ha.

# **EGGPLANT**

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Cutworms (Agrotis spp.) Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) Semi-loopers (Trichoplusia spp.)	<b>Dosage</b> 100 - 200 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply before pests reach damaging levels based on economic thresholds.</li> <li>Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start</li> </ul>
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera) Diamond back moth (Plutella	6	to rebuild, with a minimum of five (5) days between applications.  • Do not make more than four (4) applications per
xylostella)		season.

## **EGGPLANT** cont.

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Leafminers Stink bugs Thrips (excluding Frankliniella occidentalis) and	100 - 200 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Use sufficient water to obtain full-coverage of foliage.</li> <li>Apply in a minimum</li> </ul>
whiteflies [suppression only - 60 - 90% control]		of 90 \ell water/ha.  Aerial application  Apply in 30 - 40 \ell water/ha.
Tomato leafminer moth (Tuta absoluta)	400 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation of larvae in the leaves, or first signs of leaf damage.</li> <li>If necesary, repeat application 7 - 10 days later.</li> <li>Apply a maximum of two (2) applications of <b>AMPLIGO</b> per crop per season.</li> </ul>

## **GRAIN SORGHUM**

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Cutworms (Agrotis spp.)	1.08 mℓ/ 100 m row	Apply before pests reach damaging
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.)  African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)  Maize stalk borers (Busseola fusca, Chilo partellus)	ent	levels based on economic thresholds.  Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start to rebuild, with a minimum of seven (7) days between applications.  Do not make more than three (3) applications per season.
		Ground application
	5	• A minimum of 2 - 4 $\ell$ spray mixture/100 m row must be applied.
430	120 mℓ/ha	Aerial application
en		• Apply in 30 $\ell$ water/ha.

# **GROUNDNUTS**

Dosage	Recommendations
100 - 200 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at the first signs of infestation.</li> <li>Apply 200 - 400 ℓ/ha spray mixture.</li> <li>Apply as a block of two (2) applications seven (7) days apart and then alternate with chemistry with a different mode of action, e.g., SORBA (L5343) plus PROCI AIM (L7581).</li> </ul>
	100 -

#### **LEGUME VEGETABLES**

(Includes peas, green beans, dry beans, lentils and chickpeas. *Phaseolus* spp., *Pisum* spp., *Vigna* spp., *Vicia faba, Lupinus* spp. and *Lens esculata* - includes all cultivars)

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Cutworms (Agrotis spp.)	100 - 200 mℓ/ha	Apply at the first sign of infestation.
Armyworms and tomato moth (Spodoptera spp.)	Sen	<ul> <li>Follow-up sprays should be applied at intervals of five (5) or more days.</li> <li>Do not make more than three (3)</li> </ul>
<b>Semi-loopers</b> ( <i>Trichoplusia</i> spp.)		applications per season.
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera) Pumpkin flies (Dacus spp.)		<ul> <li>Ground application</li> <li>Use sufficient water to obtain full-coverage of foliage.</li> <li>Apply in a minimum of 90 ℓ water/ha.</li> <li>Aerial application</li> </ul>
Stink bugs Thrips Leafminers and whiteflies [suppression only - 60 - 90% control]	geni	• Apply in 30 - 40 $\ell$ water/ha.

# LETTUCE

LLITOOL		
Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Cutworms (Agrotis spp.)	200 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply before pests reach damaging</li> </ul>
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.)		levels based on economic thresholds.
Semi-loopers ( <i>Trichoplusia</i> spp.)	4-0	<ul> <li>Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start to rebuild, with a</li> </ul>
Diamond back moth (Plutella xylostella)	Ser	minimum of five (5) days between applications.
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		Do not make more than four (4) applications per season.
Leafminers		Ground application
(Liriomyza spp.) Stink bugs Thrips Whiteflies [suppression only -		<ul> <li>Use sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 90 ℓ water/ha.</li> <li>Aerial application</li> </ul>
60 - 90% control]	4	• Apply in 30 - 40 $\ell$ water/ha.

## MAIZE AND SWEETCORN

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Maize stalk borers	1.08 mℓ/ 100 m row	Apply at the first sign of infestation
(Busseola fusca, Chilo partellus,	<b>or</b> 120 mℓ/ha	and no later than when 10% of the
Sesamia	in 90 cm	plants
calamistis)	rows	

#### MAIZE AND SWEETCORN cont.

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
5 5 y 1 1	gent 5	show shot hole damage.  Spray directly into the funnels.  Apply a follow-up spray shortly before tasseling, or with the second moth flight at the first sign of infestation and no later than when 10% of the plants show shot hole damage.
		Ground application
en		• A minimum of 2 - 4 $\ell$ spray mixture/100 m row must be applied.
	120 mℓ/ha	Aerial application
	26/1	<ul> <li>Apply in 30 ℓ water/ ha.</li> </ul>
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) False armyworm (Leucania loreyi)	200 - 240 ml/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at the first signs of infestation, as soon as feeding damage is observed (small windows in the leaves).</li> <li>Apply the lower rate before tasseling. Increase to the higher rate when maize is in, or passed, soft dough stage.</li> <li>Note: Apply when larvae are still outside the cobs. Once inside, larvae will not be controlled.</li> <li>Apply 200 - 400 l/ha spray mixture.</li> <li>Apply as a block of two (2) applications seven (7) days apart and then alternate with chemistry with a different mode of action, e.g., SORBA (L5343) plus PROCLAIM (L7581).</li> </ul>

### **PEPPERS**

(Capsicum group)

(Capsicum group)		
Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Cutworms (Agrotis spp.)	100 - 200 mℓ/ha	Apply before pests reach damaging
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.)		levels based on economic thresholds.
Semi-loopers ( <i>Trichoplusia</i> spp.)	5	<ul> <li>Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start</li> </ul>
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)		to rebuild, with a minimum of five (5) days between applications.

# **PEPPERS**

(Capsicum group)

Pest	Dosago	Recommendations
	Dosage	
Diamond back moth (Plutella xylostella) Leafminers Stink bugs Thrips (excluding frankliniella occidentalis) and whiteflies [suppression only - 60 - 90% control]	100 - 200 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Do not make more than four (4) applications per season.</li> <li>Do not use an adjuvant with applications of AMPLIGO to chilli peppers or pimento.</li> <li>Ground application</li> <li>Use sufficient water to obtain full-coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 90 \( \ell \) water/ha.</li> </ul>
enta		• Apply in 30 - 40 \( \ell \) water/ha.
Tomato leafminer moth (Tuta absoluta)	400 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation of larvae in the leaves, or first signs of leaf damage.</li> <li>If necesary, repeat application 7 - 10 days later.</li> <li>Apply a maximum of two (2) applications of AMPLIGO per crop per season.</li> </ul>

# **POTATOES**

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Potato tuber moth (Phthorimaea operculella)	100 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Ground application</li> <li>Apply as soon as the presence of moths is noticed.</li> <li>Apply at 7 - 14-day interval programs.</li> <li>Do not exceed three (3) applications per crop cycle.</li> <li>If re-infestation occurs, do not use related chemistry.</li> <li>Use products with a different mode of action.</li> </ul>
Tomato leafminer moth (Tuta absoluta)	400 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation of larvae in the leaves, or first signs of leaf damage.</li> <li>If necessary, repeat application 7 - 10 days later.</li> <li>Apply a maximum of two (2) applications of AMPLIGO per crop per season.</li> </ul>

# **SOYBEANS**

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)	100 - 150 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation (L1 - L2).</li> <li>Apply as a foliar spray in 200 - 400 \( \ell \)</li> </ul>
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) False armyworm (Leucania loreyi)	5	water/ha for good coverage.  • Apply as a block of two (2) applications seven (7) days apart and then alternate with chemistry with
Painted lady (Vanessa cardui)	9	a different mode of action, e.g., SORBA
Semi-loopers (Thysanoplusia orichalcea)		(L5343) plus PROCLAIM (L7581).

# **STONE FRUIT**

(Includes apricots, cherries, nectarines, peaches and plums)

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Codling moth (Cydia pomonella) False codling moth (Cryptophlebia leucotreta) Fruit piercing moths (Serrodes sp., Dugaria sp., Calpe spp.) African	200 - 500 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply before pests reach damaging levels based on economic thresholds or detection of adults in pheromone traps.</li> <li>Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start to rebuild, with a minimum of seven (7) days between applications.</li> </ul>
bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera) Leafrollers (Tortrix sp.)	Sen	Do not make more than three (3) applications per season.
Plum slug (Latoia sp.)		<ul><li>Ground application</li><li>Use sufficient water to obtain full-</li></ul>
Fruitflies (Ceratitis capitata, Pterandrus spp., Pardalaspis spp.)	5	coverage of foliage.  Aerial application  Apply in 30 - 40 \( \) water/ha.
Antestia bug (Antestiopsis sp.)		53"
Stink bugs Thrips	4	8

## **SUGARCANE**

SUGANCANL		
Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Sugarcane borer (Eldana saccharina)	150 mℓ/ha	<ul><li>Ground application</li><li>Apply at the first sign of infestation.</li><li>Spray a block of</li></ul>
Yellow sugarcane aphid (Sipha flava) [Suppression only]	150 - 300 mℓ/ha	two (2) <b>AMPLIGO</b> (diamide) applications four (4) weeks apart in a 60-day window. • Alternate with a

## **SUGARCANE** cont.

## **SUNFLOWERS**

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)	150 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation.</li> <li>Apply 200 - 400 l/ha spray mixture.</li> </ul>
Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) False armyworm (Leucania loreyi)		<ul> <li>Apply as a block of two (2) applications 7 - 10 days apart and then alternate with chemistry with a different mode of action, e.g., SORBA (L5343) plus PROCLAIM (L7581).</li> <li>Apply a maximum of two (2) applications per season.</li> </ul>

## **TOMATOES**

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Tomato leafminer moth (Tuta absoluta)	400 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation of larvae in the leaves, or first signs of leaf damage.</li> <li>If necesary, repeat application 7 - 10 days later.</li> <li>Apply a maximum</li> </ul>

## TOMATOES cont.

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
	sen <sup>tt</sup>	of two (2) applications of <b>AMPLIGO</b> per crop per season.

## TREE NUTS

(Includes almonds, macadamias, pistachios, walnuts and pecan nuts)

Pest	Decede	Pasammandations
Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
Codling moth (Cydia pomonella) False codling moth (Cryptophlebia	200 - 500 mℓ/ha	<ul> <li>Apply before pests reach damaging levels based on economic thresholds.</li> <li>Scout fields and repeat sprays if</li> </ul>
leucotreta) Litchi moth (Cryptophlebia peltastica)	sent	repeat sprays if populations start to rebuild, with a minimum of seven (7) days between
Carob moth (Ectomyelois sp.)	9	applications.  Do not make more than four (4)
<b>bollworm</b> (Helicoverpa		applications per season.
armigera)		Ground application
Stinkbug complex	7	Use sufficient water to obtain full- coverage of foliage.
		Aerial application
		• Apply in 30 - 40 $\ell$ water/ha.

## **TUBER VEGETABLES**

(Includes cassava, ginger and sweet potato)

(Includes cassava, ginger and sweet potato)			
Pest	Dosage	Recommendations	
Cutworms (Agrotis spp.) Armyworms	100 - 200 mℓ/ha	Apply before pests reach damaging levels based on economic	
(Spodoptera spp.)	5	thresholds.	
Semi-loopers (Trichoplusia spp.)		Scout fields and repeat sprays if populations start to rebuild, with a minimum of seven	
bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera)	4-05	(7) days between applications.  • Do not make	
Potato tuber moth (Phthorimaea	96,	more than four (4) applications per season.	
operculella)		Ground application	
Stink bugs Thrips (excluding frankliniella occidentalis), leafminers and	5	<ul> <li>Use sufficient water to obtain full-coverage of foliage.</li> <li>Apply in a minimum of 90 \( \ell \) water/ha.</li> </ul>	
whiteflies (suppression only - 60 - 90% control)		Aerial application  ■ Apply in 30 - 40 ℓ water/ha.	

#### WHEAT

Pest	Dosage	Recommendations
African bollworm (Helicoverpa armigera) Armyworms (Spodoptera spp.) False armyworm (Leucania loreyi)	N/	<ul> <li>Apply at first sign of infestation, or apply preventatively, starting at flag leaf emergence, and</li> </ul>
	Seni	follow up 7 - 10 days later with a second application.  Apply 200 - 400 \( \ell \) ha spray mixture.  Apply a maximum of two (2) applications per season.

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